

Mapping Biodiversity & Ecosystem Services in Alberta

Dan Farr

Natural Capital Symposium, Stanford CA

March 25, 2015



It's Our Nature to Know

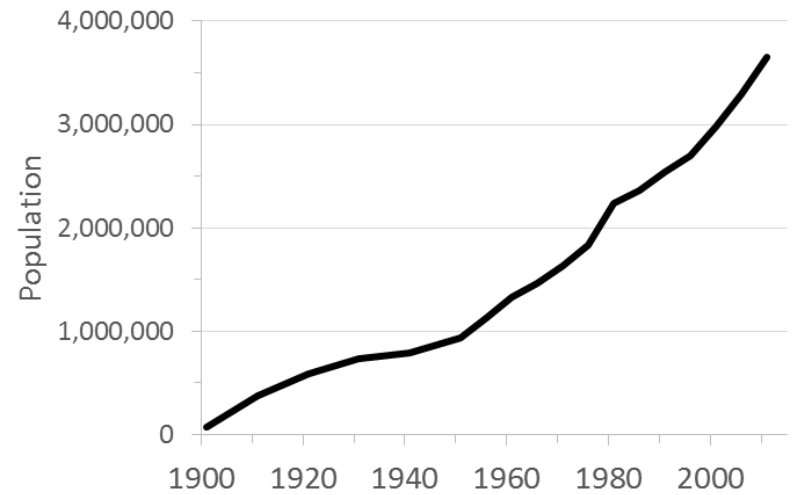
Alberta Biodiversity Monitoring Institute



Alberta Canada

662 km²
1.4X California

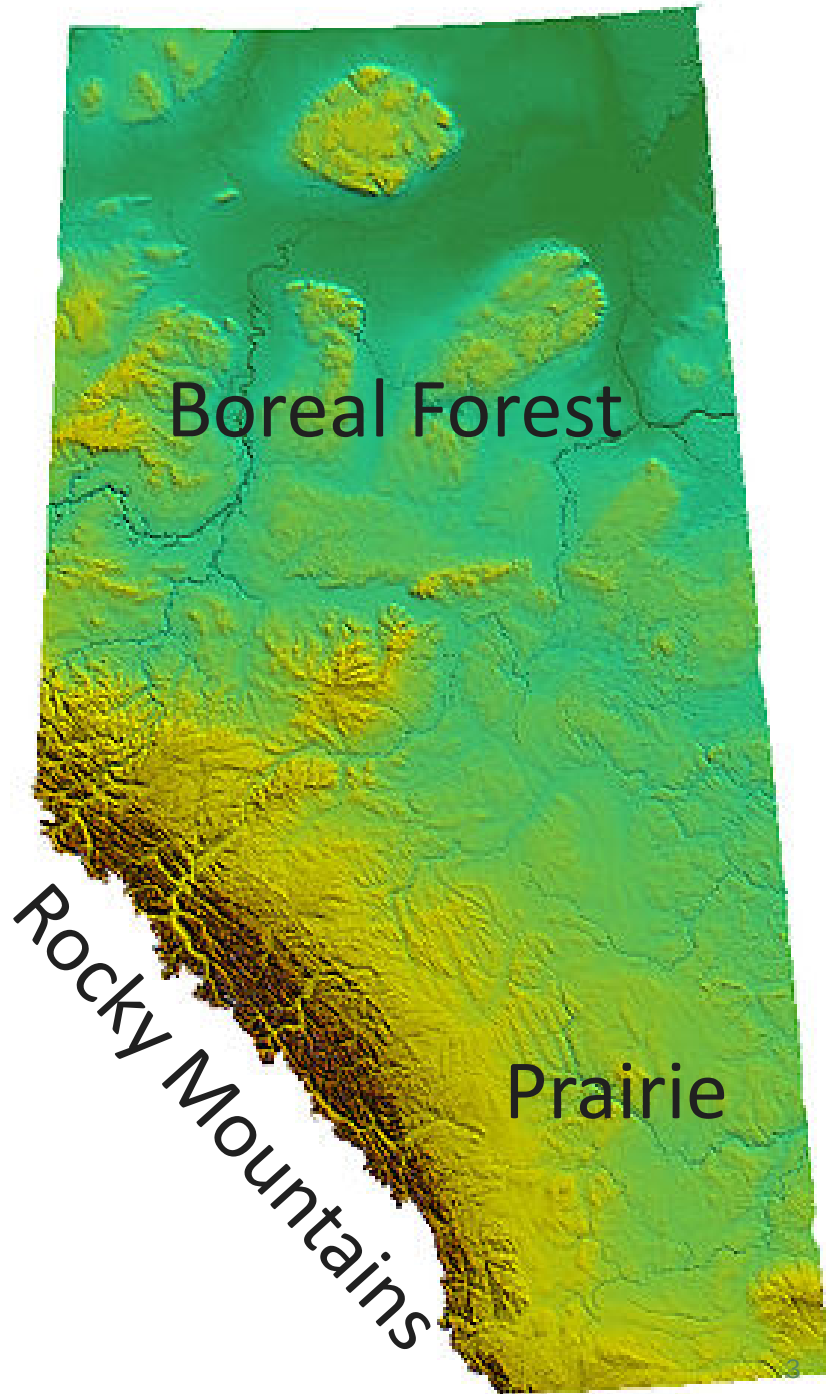
4 million people
10% of California



Statistics Canada



Alberta Canada





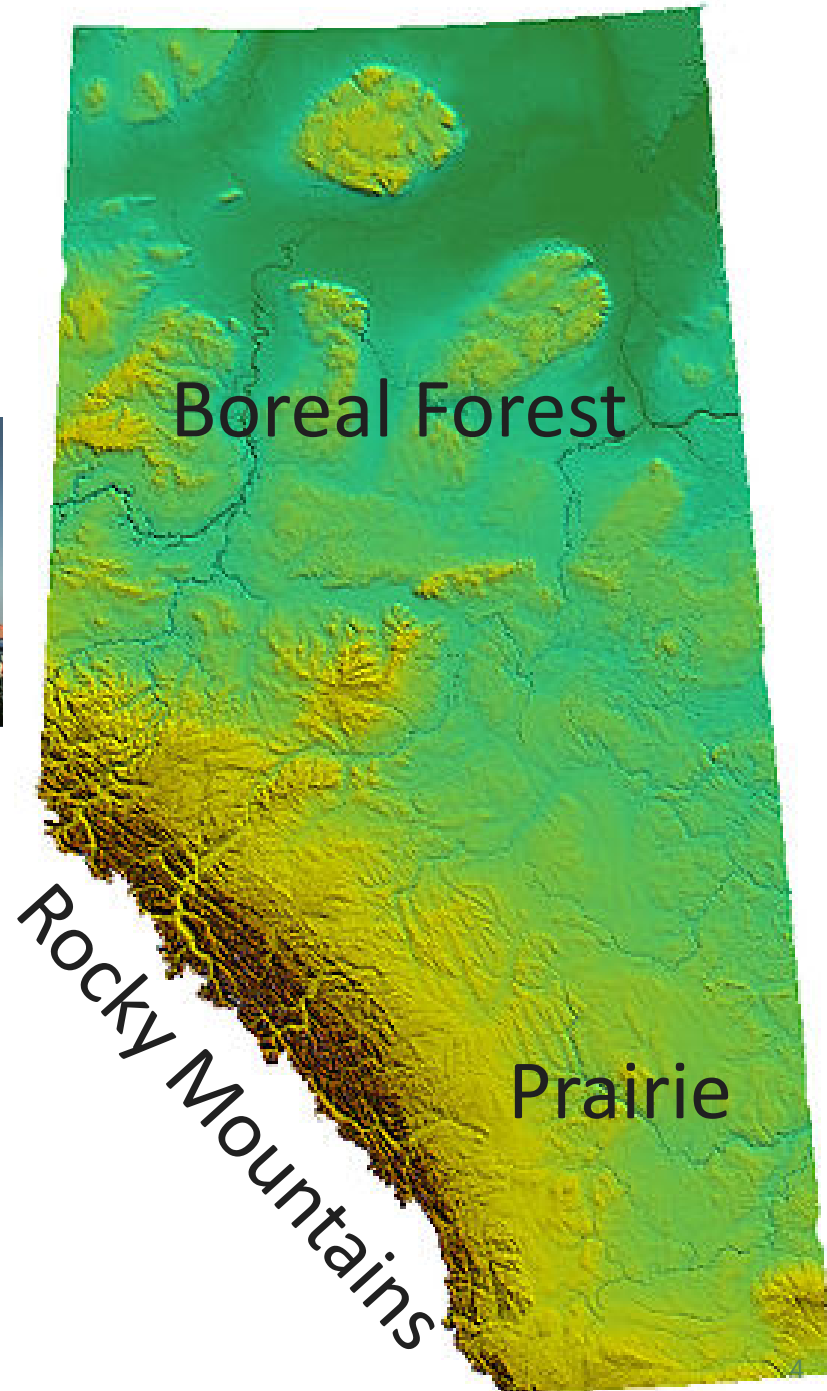
Agriculture

Forestry

Conventional oil & gas

Oil sands mining & in situ

83% Urban

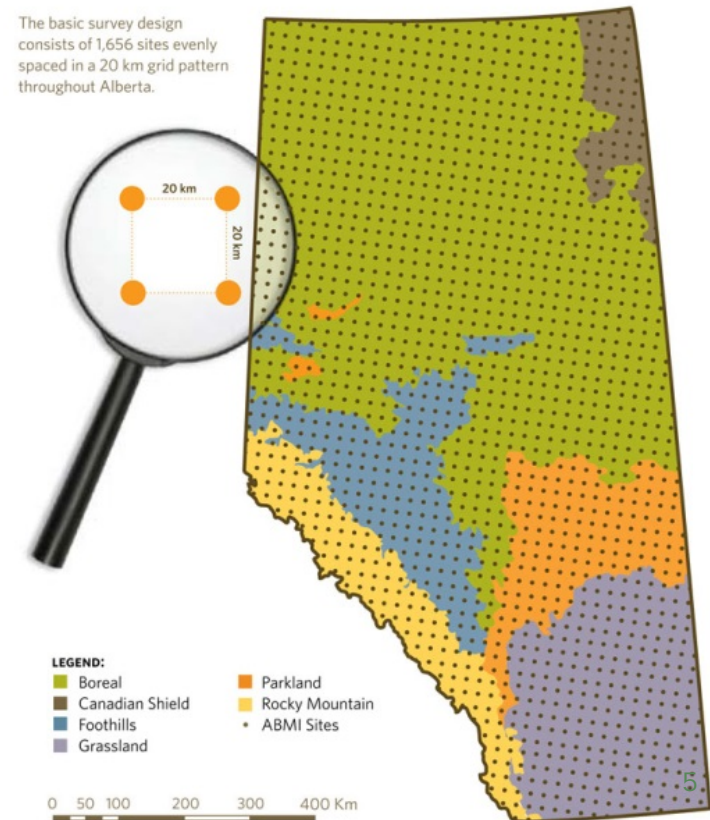


Long-term monitoring system
1,656 sites
1000 sampled since 2007
Upland & wetland
Vegetation, wildlife, soil, habitat



Figure 1 ABMI Survey Locations

The basic survey design consists of 1,656 sites evenly spaced in a 20 km grid pattern throughout Alberta.



The project

1. Map ecosystem services & biodiversity
 - Biodiversity
 - Pollination
 - Water purification
 - Carbon storage
 - Timber production
 - Forage production
2. Demonstrate management applications
 - Sustainability reporting
 - Market-based instruments
 - Land use planning



Sustainability reporting

- Defining the Environmental Footprint of Canadian Beef Production
- Principles & Indicators for Biodiversity Assessment – International Guidelines
- Sustainability Assessment of the Canadian Beef Industry



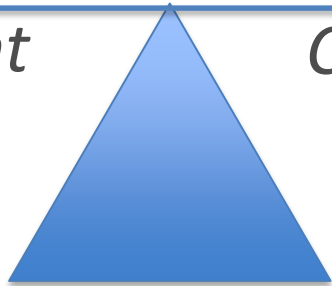
Market-based instruments

Biodiversity
loss

Biodiversity
gain

Development

Conservation



Conservation Biology



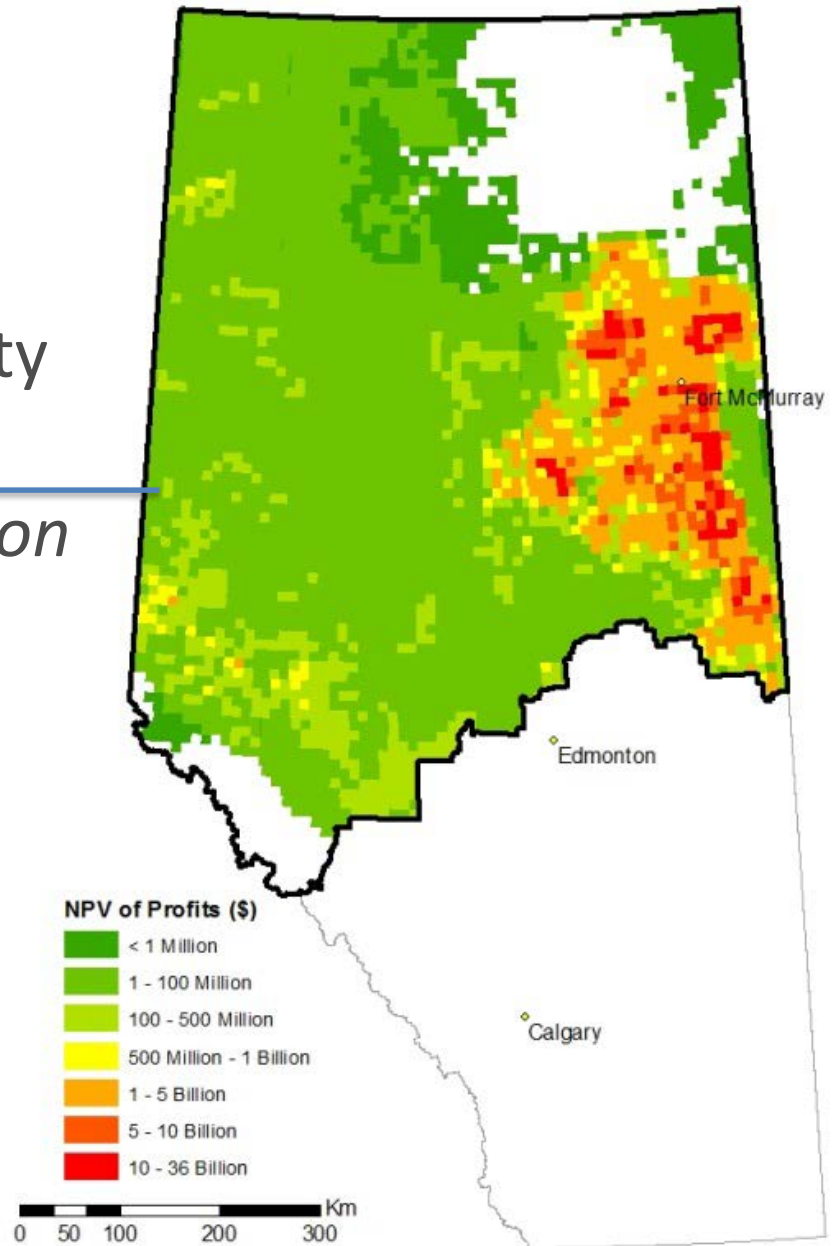
Contributed Paper

Economic and Ecological Outcomes of Flexible Biodiversity Offset Systems

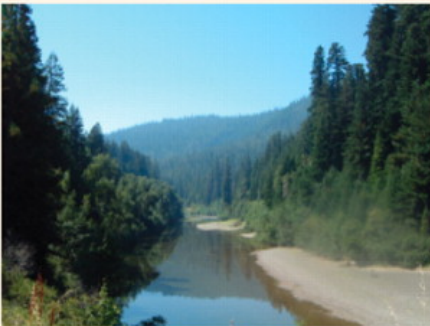
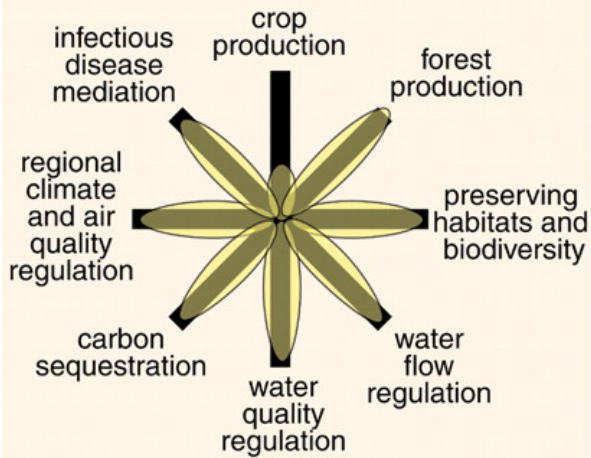
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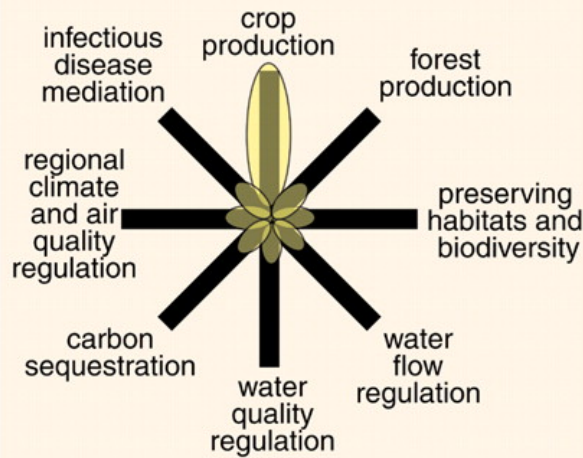
†Department of Biological Sciences, University of Alberta, CW 405 Biological Sciences Building, Edmonton, Alberta T6G 2E9, Canada



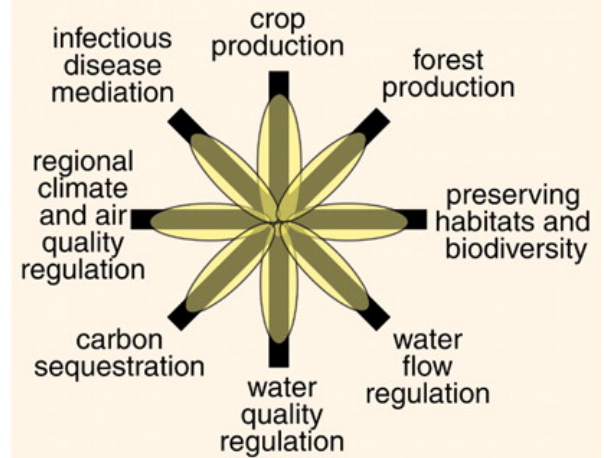
Land use planning



natural ecosystem



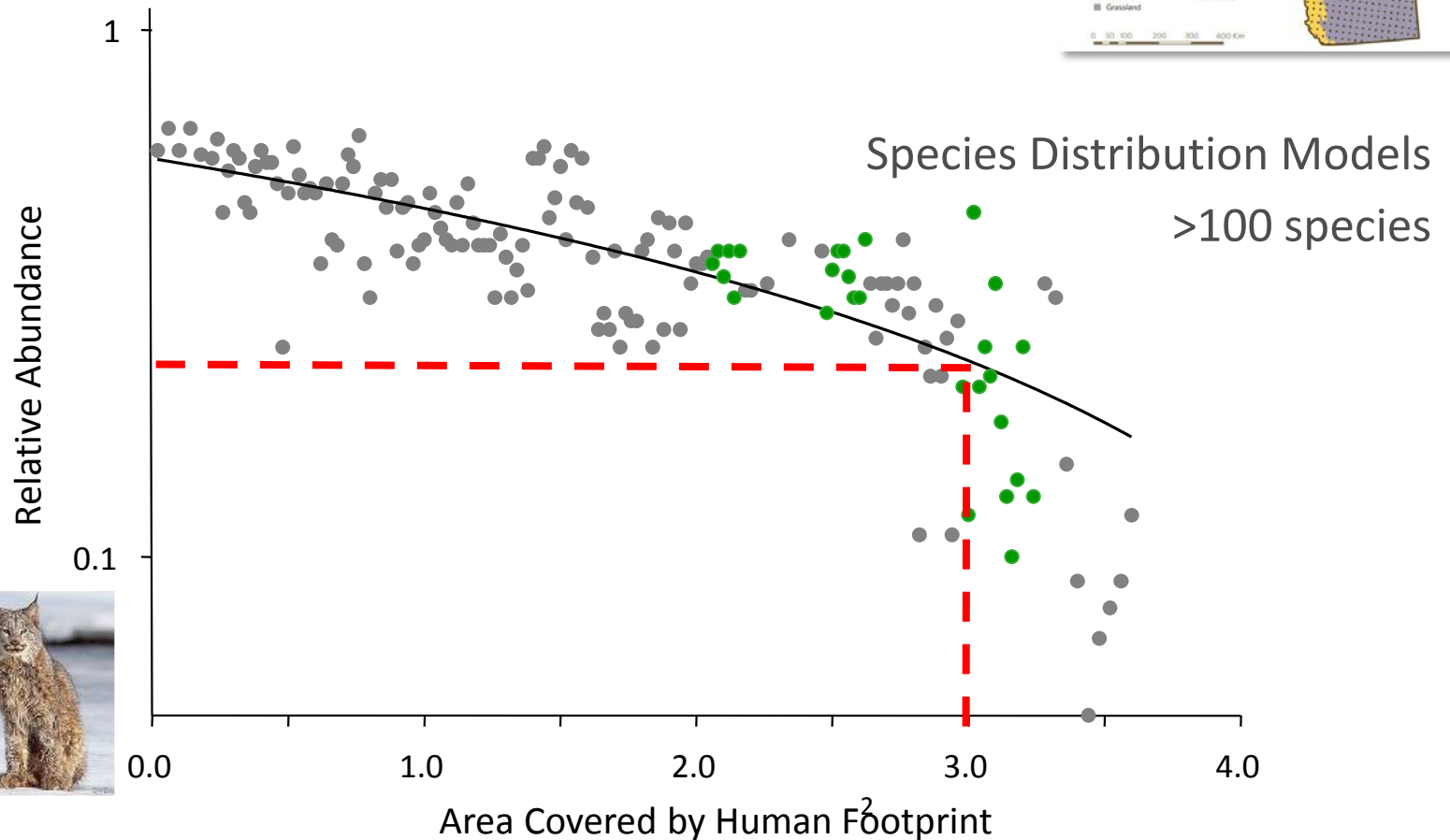
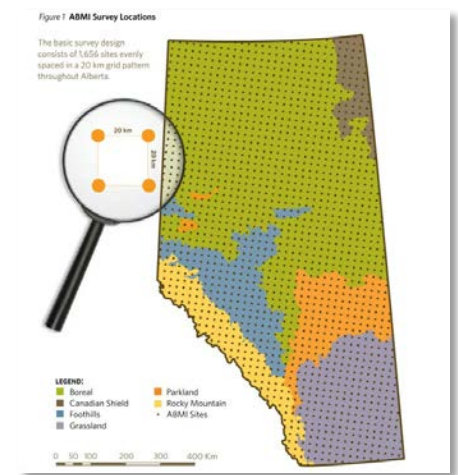
intensive cropland



cropland with restored ecosystem services

Biodiversity Model

How does human land-use impact biodiversity?



Biodiversity Model

How does human land-use impact biodiversity?

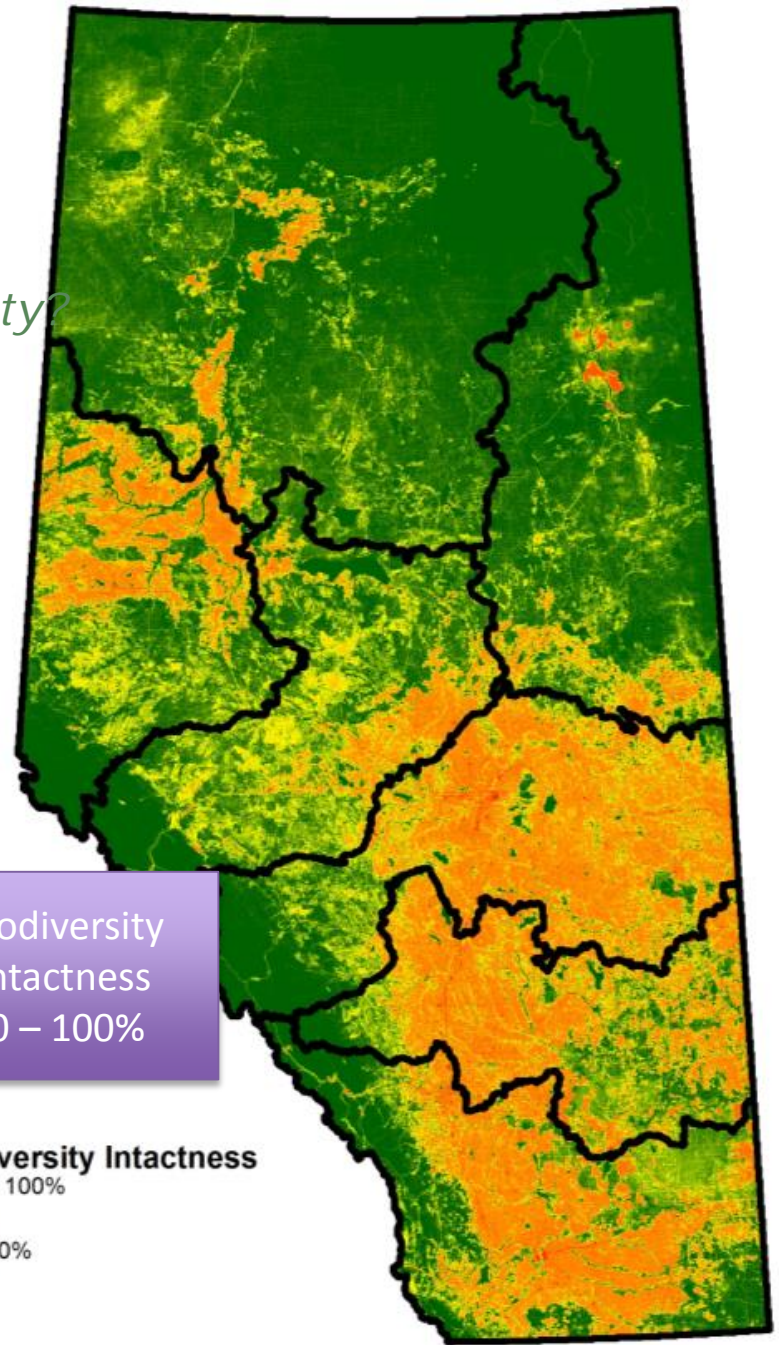
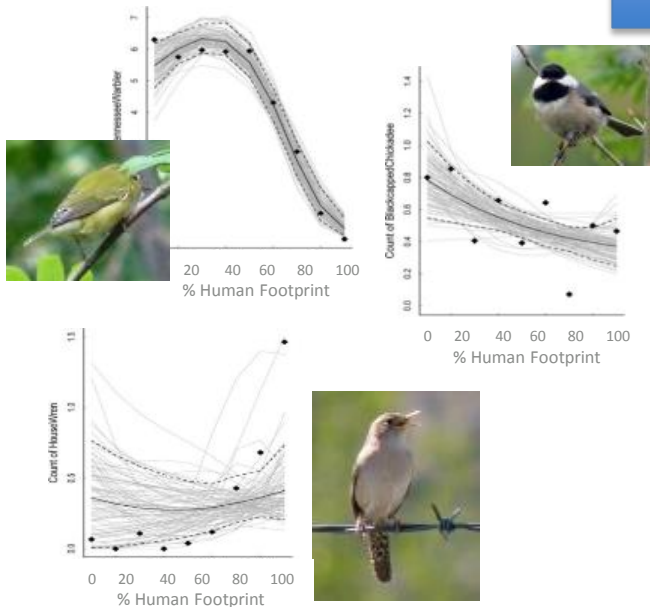
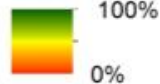
Landcover

Species Distribution Models

Human
Footprint

Biodiversity
Intactness
• 0 – 100%

Biodiversity Intactness





Pollination Model

What is the value of wild pollinators to canola farmers?

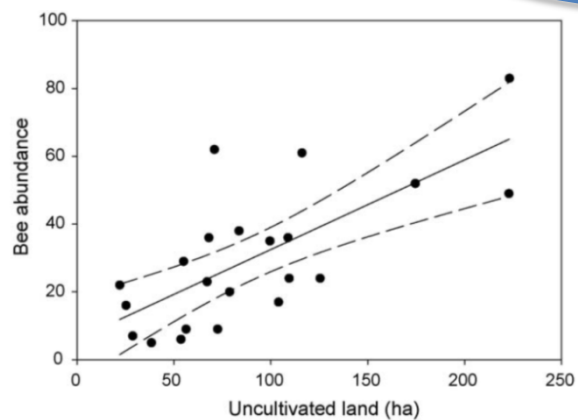


Pollination Model

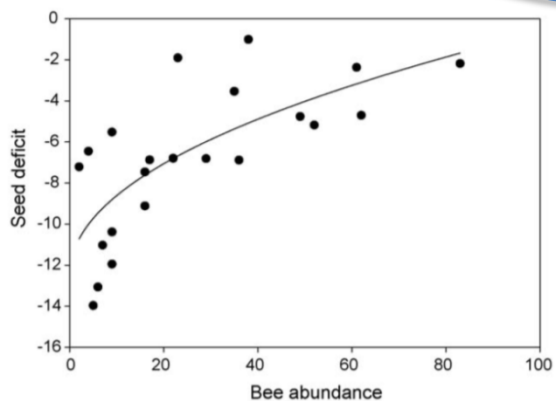
What is the value of wild pollinators to canola farmers?

Land Cover

- Canola fields
- Nesting habitat



Bee Abundance

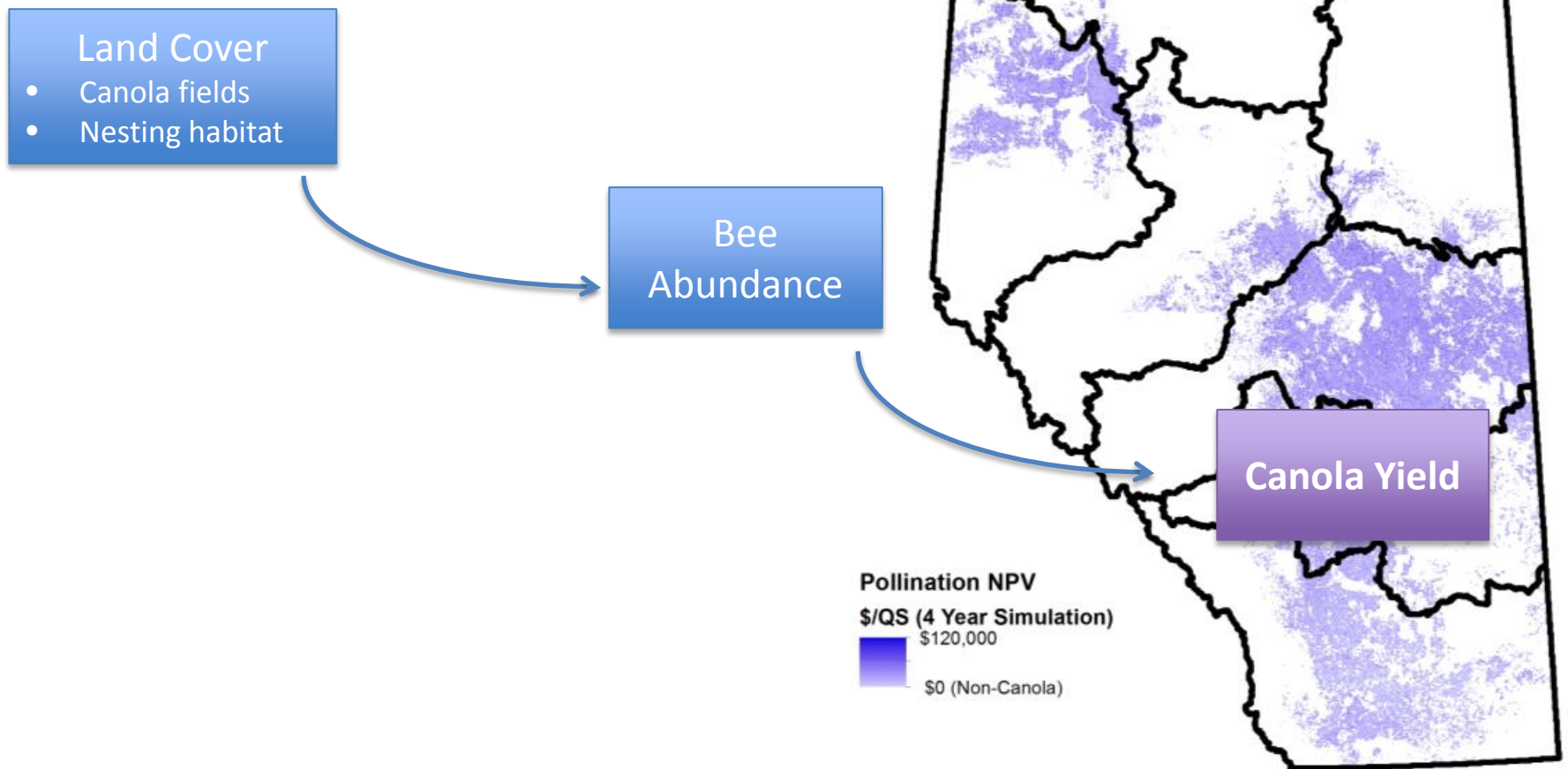


Canola Yield

Morandin & Winston 2006

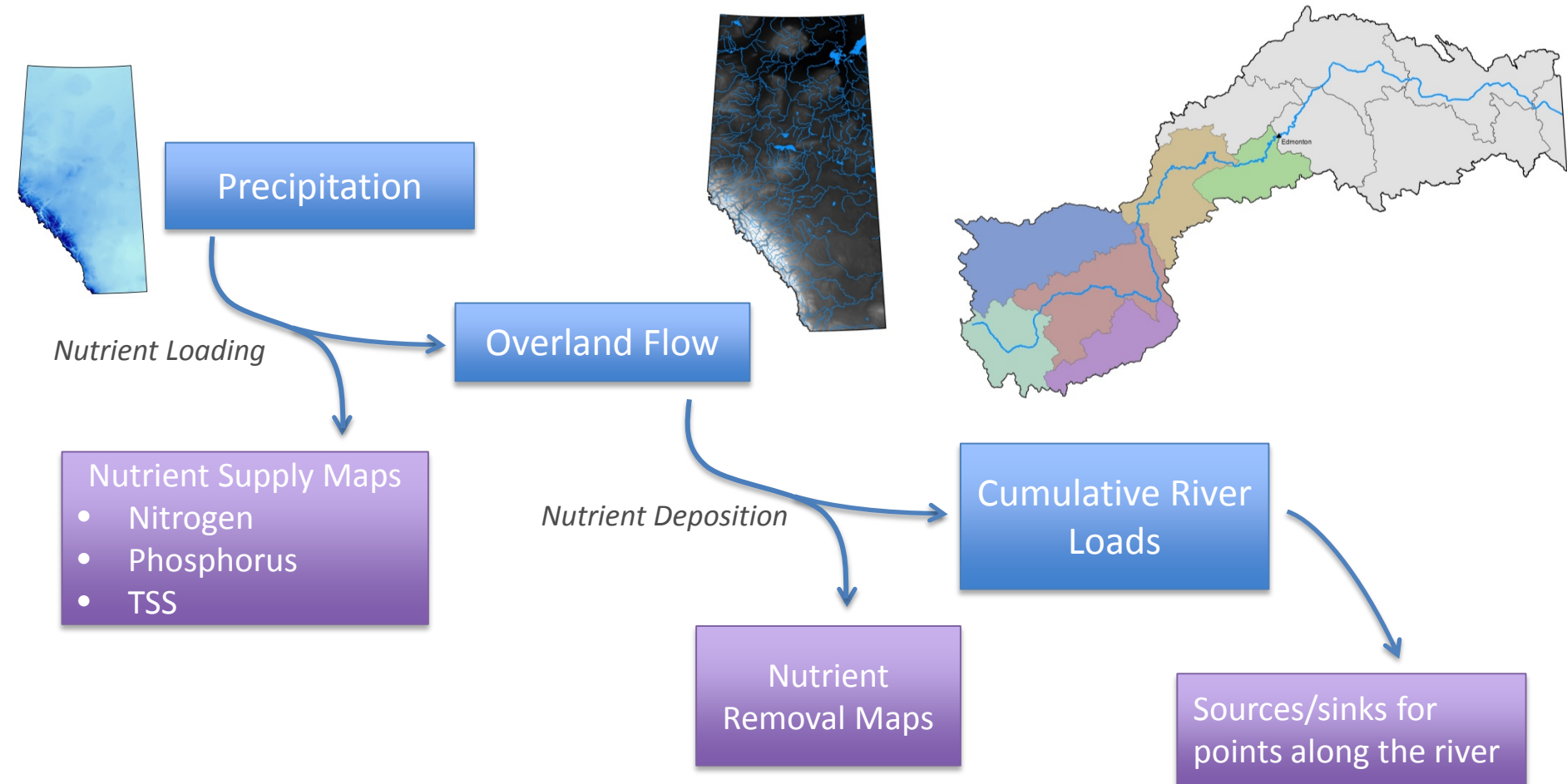
Pollination Model

What is the value of wild pollinators to canola farmers?



Water Purification Model

Where are the sources & sinks for water pollution?



Application: Lake Management



Winter Fish Kill in Isle Lake: "The Problem is Land Use, the Solution is Land Use"

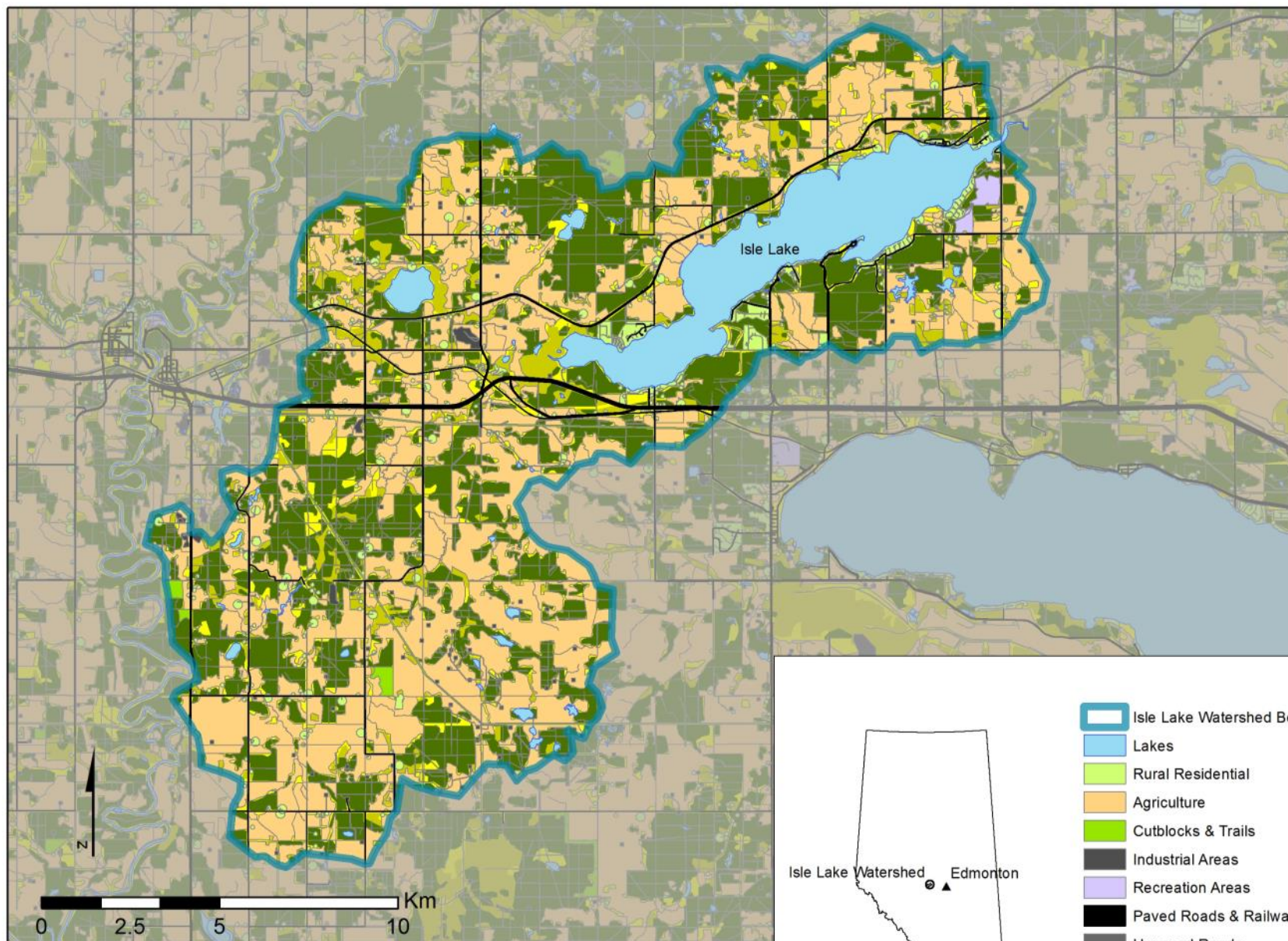
MARCH 19, 2014 / / CATEGORY: BIODIVERSITY

Posted by: Tom Habib

On March 16, the Edmonton Journal published an [article](#) focusing on the ongoing winter fish kill at Isle Lake, 80km west of Edmonton. The accompanying video shows hundreds of floating dead fish in ice breaks on the lake; thousands more can be seen gasping for air due

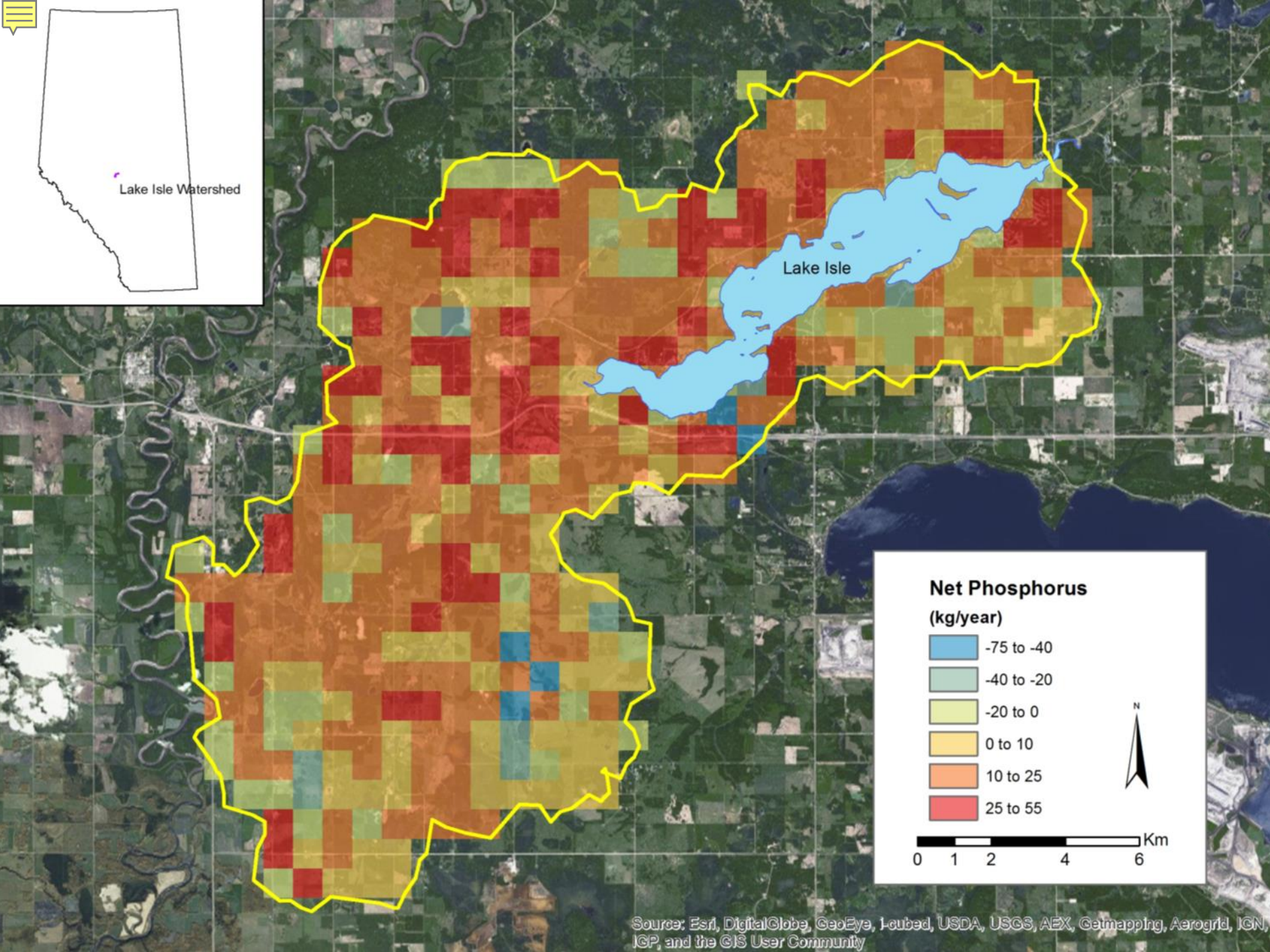
Isle Lake Fish Kill

- What/where are the sources of pollutants?
- What areas are filtering pollutants?
- Where should future management focus?



Isle Lake watershed in central Alberta. Data based on ABMI wall-to-wall landcover and human footprint layers, and a Government of Alberta digital elevation model.





Source: Esri, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, i-cubed, USDA, USGS, AEX, Getmapping, Aerogrid, IGN, IGP, and the GIS User Community

Netlogo Platform

Setup Landscape

model-years 20 Years

discount-rate 2 %

Reset to Default Landscape & Values

Run Forest Model

Run Pollination Model

Run Biodiversity Model

Setup Water Model

Run Water Model

Output Tributary Data

View

Standing Timber Volume

Update View

Timber & Carbon Variables

cost-to-roadside 35.25 \$/m3

silviculture-cost 1000 \$/ha

distance-cost 0.120 \$/m3*km

mill-opp-cost 44 \$/m3

lumber-price 134 \$/m3

pulp-price 842 \$/mt

panel-price 190 \$/m3

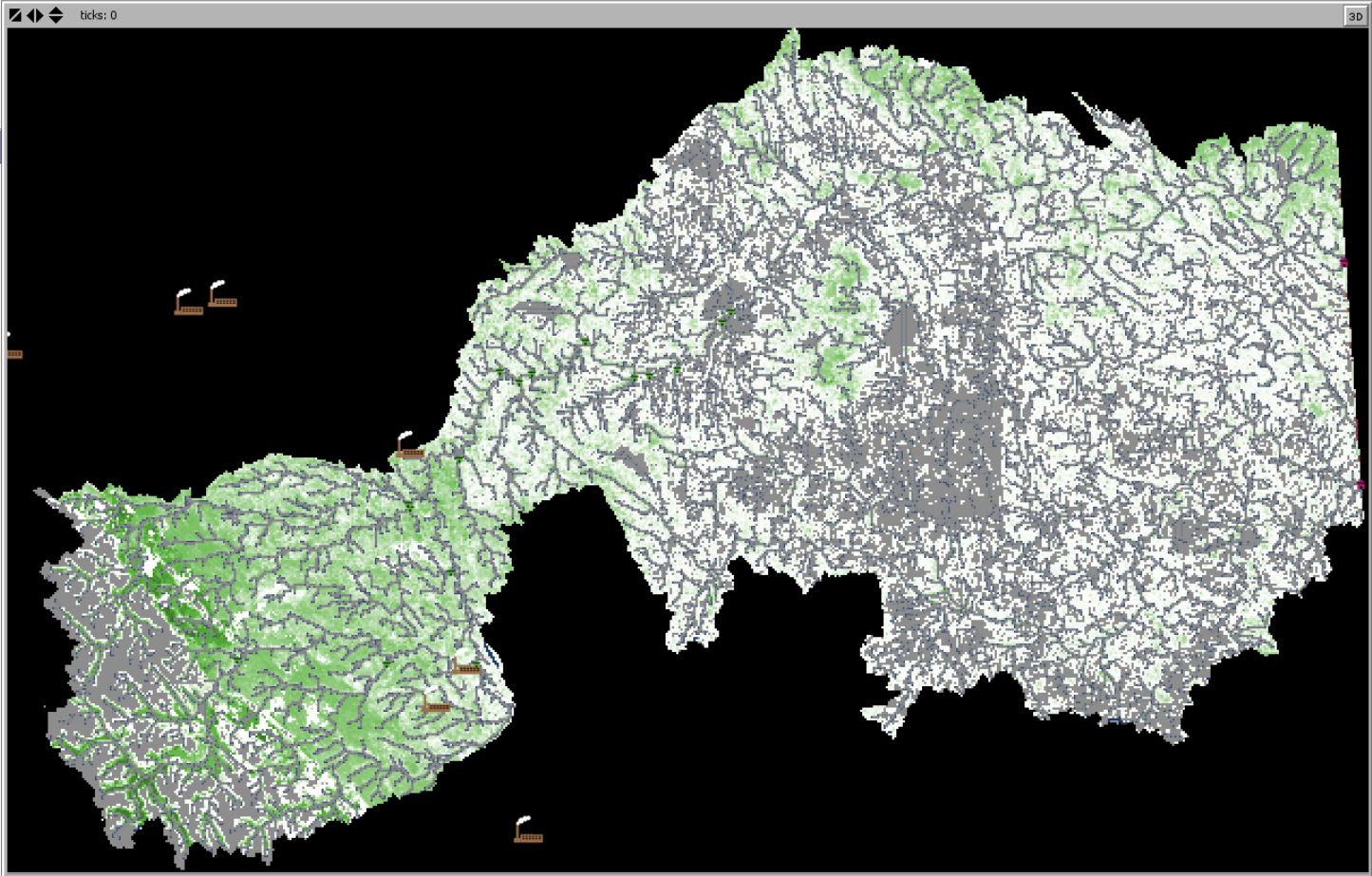
carbon-price 15 \$/mt CO2

Pollination Variables

canola-price 0.68 \$/kg

ticks: 0

3D



RUSLE Cover Factors

ag-cover 0.45

deciduous-cover 0.10

conifer-cover 0.10

mixed-cover 0.10

shrub-cover 0.20

grass-cover 0.30

developed-cover 0.70

exposed-cover 0.45

rock-rubble-cover 0.25

Pollutant Removal Rates

ag-removal 15 %

deciduous-removal 55 %

conifer-removal 55 %

mixed-removal 55 %

shrub-removal 45 %

grass-removal 45 %

developed-removal 0 %

exposed-removal 0 %

rock-rubble-removal 0 %

Water Cost Variables

avoided-dredging 0.0135 \$/kg

avoided-drinking-TSS 0.0070 \$/kg

avoided-drinking-P 50 \$/kg

avoided-drinking-N 50



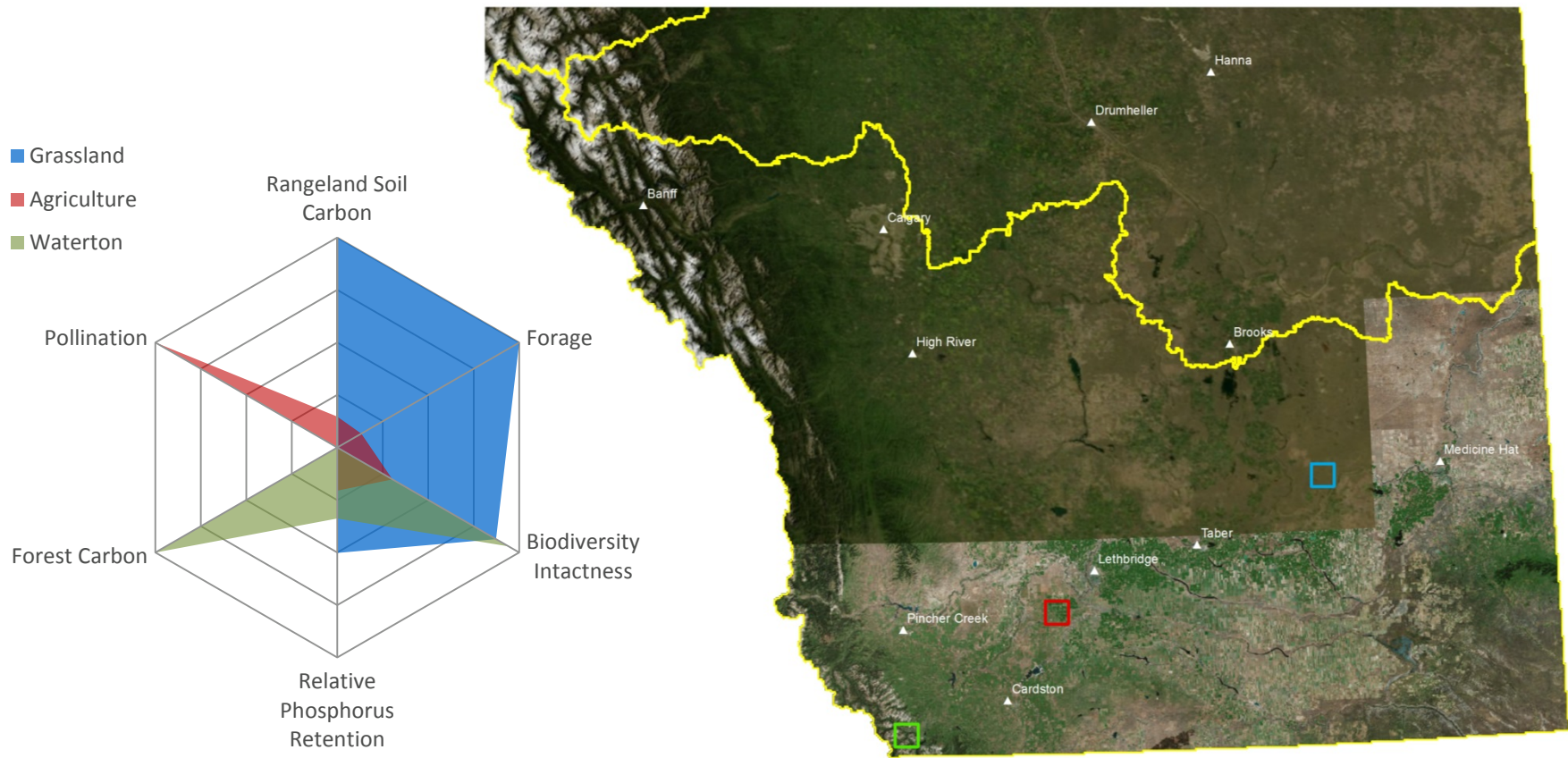
Integration... work in progress

South Saskatchewan Watershed

Three sample areas

10 x 10km plots

- Waterton NP
- Annual cropland
- Native grassland



Collaborators



GREEN ANALYTICS



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